

Gay Community Periodic Survey: Melbourne 2011

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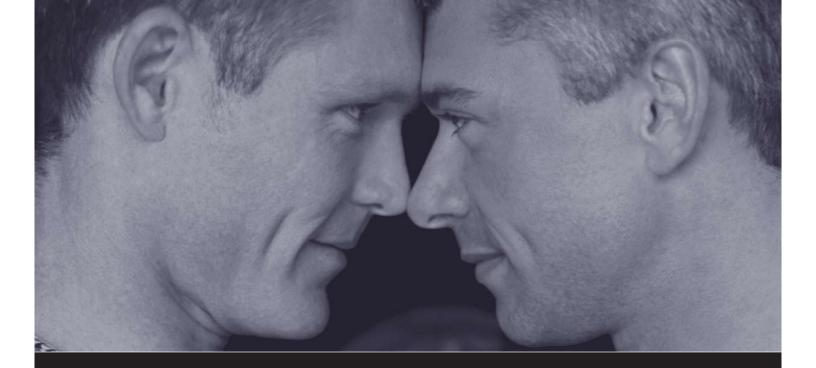
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Gay Community Periodic Survey

MELBOURNE 2011

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AIDS acquired immune deficiency syndrome

ART antiretroviral treatment

HIV human immunodeficiency virus

HIV-seroconcordant relationship a relationship in which both partners are of the same HIV status, either HIV-positive or HIV-negative

HIV-serodiscordant relationship a relationship in which both partners are known (as a result of testing) to be of different HIV status, e.g. HIV-positive and HIV-negative

HIV-seronocordant relationship a relationship in which the HIV status of at least one partner in the relationship is not known, e.g. HIV-positive and untested, HIV-negative and untested, or both untested

HIV status a person's antibody status established by HIV testing, e.g. HIV-negative, HIV-positive, or unknown (untested)

PEP post-exposure prophylaxis

PLWHA people living with HIV/AIDS

PrEP pre-exposure prophylaxis

STI sexually transmissible infection

UAIC unprotected anal intercourse with casual partners

UAIR unprotected anal intercourse with regular partners

Executive summary

The Melbourne Gay Community Periodic Survey is a cross-sectional survey of gay and homosexually active men recruited at a range of gay community sites in Melbourne. From its start in 1998, the project has been funded by the Victorian Department of Health (formerly the Department of Human Services) and supported by the Victorian AIDS Council and PLWHA Victoria. The major aim of the survey has been to provide data on sexual, drug use and testing practices related to the transmission of HIV and other sexually transmissible infections (STIs) among men involved in the local gay community. The data presented in this report are from the period 2007 to 2011.

In January 2011, 1,929 men were recruited in Melbourne at social venues (e.g. bars, gyms), gay sex-on-premises venues, sexual health clinics and the Midsumma Carnival. The response rate was 52.4%.

Since 2007, there has been a significant increase in the proportion of men recruited from social venues, and a corresponding decrease in the proportion of men recruited through sex-on-premises venues.

Demographic profile

As in previous surveys, the men in the sample were primarily of Anglo-Australian background, lived in the metropolitan Melbourne area, were well educated and in full-time employment. Since 2007, the age distribution of the sample has been relatively stable.

HIV status and testing

In 2011 the majority of men reported having 'ever' been tested for HIV (90.6%). Of the entire sample, most of the men reported being HIV-negative (88.0%) with smaller proportions reporting they were HIV-positive (9.7%) or did not know their HIV status (2.3%).

In 2011, we asked participants a new question about whether men would be more or less likely to get tested for HIV if rapid HIV testing were available in different locations. Men were most likely to say they would get tested for HIV more often if rapid testing was available at a clinic/GP (48.9%), followed by testing at home (46.3%) or at a community organisation (37.8%).

Between 2007 and 2011, there has been a significant increase in the proportion of HIV-positive men who reported using combination antiretroviral therapies. In 2011, over three-quarters of HIV-positive men said they were receiving combination treatment for HIV.

Sexual partnerships and practices

In 2011, just less than a third of men reported being in a monogamous relationship with a regular male partner (30.9%), a similar proportion reported having both regular and casual partners (29.6%), and just under a quarter had casual partners only (23.9%). Fewer than one in six men reported no sexual relationships with men in the six months prior to the survey (15.6%). These proportions have been relatively stable since 2007.

Among men with regular partners in 2011, over half (59.7%) reported an agreement with their regular partner about sex within the relationship and a similar proportion (54.6%) reported an agreement about sex outside the relationship. In 2011, the most commonly held agreements about sex within a relationship specified that anal

intercourse could occur without a condom (31.3%) or that condoms must always be used for anal intercourse (24.6%). The most commonly held agreements about sex outside a relationship specified that no sex with casual partners was allowed (25.5%) or that condoms must always be used for anal intercourse with casual partners (21.7%). Over time the proportions of men who have relationship agreements about sex within or outside the relationship have increased.

In 2011, among HIV-positive men with regular partners, over half reported that they were in a seroconcordant relationship (51.4%), over a quarter (27.6%) said they were in a serodiscordant relationship, and one in five (21.0%) said they were in a serononconcordant relationship. Since 2007, there has been a significant increase in the proportion of HIV-positive men in seroconcordant relationships.

In 2011, nearly three-quarters of HIV-negative men with regular partners reported being in a seroconcordant relationship (73.9%), with smaller proportions in serononconcordant (21.5%) and serodiscordant relationships (4.6%). Since 2007, the proportion of HIV-negative men in seroconcordant relationships has increased significantly, while the proportion of men in serononconcordant relationships has declined.

Over half of men with regular partners (52.0%) reported some unprotected anal intercourse with their regular partner (UAIR), and about a quarter reported always using condoms for anal intercourse (25.2%). In 2011, over one in five men with regular partners (22.8%) reported having no anal intercourse with those partners. Since 2007 there has been a significant decline in the proportion of men with regular partners who always use condoms for anal intercourse and an increase in the proportion of men who have UAIR.

Rates of UAIR continue to vary according to the HIV statuses of regular partners. In 2011, among HIV-positive men with regular partners, UAIR was most likely with a seroconcordant regular partner (41.0%) and much less likely with a partner who was not seroconcordant (23.8%). Over a third of HIV-positive men in relationships (35.2%) avoided UAIR. Among HIV-negative men with regular partners, 41.0% reported seroconcordant UAIR, just over one in ten (11.4%) reported UAIR that was not seroconcordant and nearly half (47.6%) avoided UAIR.

Since 2007, there have been significant increases in the proportions of HIV-positive and HIV-negative men who engage in seroconcordant UAIR, and significant decreases in the proportions of HIV-positive and HIV-negative men who avoid UAIR.

Among HIV-negative men who reported UAIR with partners who were not seroconcordant in 2010, 42.5% reported always being the insertive partner (strategic positioning) and 20.0% reported consistent withdrawal before ejaculation by their partner.

Use of condoms for anal intercourse remains more common with casual partners than with regular partners. In 2011, over two in five men reported always using condoms for anal intercourse (43.8%), while just over a third (34.6%) reported any unprotected anal intercourse with casual partners (UAIC). The rate of UAIC did not change between 2010 and 2011, although it has increased significantly over time.

In 2011, HIV-positive men with casual partners remained twice as likely to report any UAIC (66.4%) than HIV-negative men with casual partners (30.7%). Since 2007, the proportion of HIV-positive men who report UAIC has remained stable, while the proportion of HIV-negative men reporting UAIC has increased significantly (although it did not change significantly between 2010 and 2011).

In 2011, disclosure of HIV status before sex to any casual partners was more commonly reported by HIV-positive men (80.5%) than by HIV-negative men (52.4%). Disclosure of HIV status to casual partners has become more common among both HIV-positive and HIV-negative men since 2007. Among men who reported any UAIC, HIV-positive men (40.0%) were more likely than HIV-negative men (27.2%) to consistently disclose their HIV status to all partners with whom they had UAIC.

In 2011, questions were introduced to assess the use of non-condom-based risk reduction strategies among men who engage in UAIC. Over a third of HIV-positive men

who had engaged in UAIC (35.3%) said they only had UAIC when they knew their partners were seroconcordant (serosorting). The proportions of HIV-positive men who reported always using strategic positioning or withdrawal during UAIC were very small. Among HIV-negative men who engaged in UAIC, a quarter (25.1%) said they only had UAIC with casual partners who they knew were seroconcordant (serosorting), with smaller proportions (around one in nine) reporting strategic positioning or withdrawal.

In 2011, two-fifths (40.0%) of men reported having had sex with men they met through the internet. Other commonly reported locations used to meet male sex partners were gay bars (34.7%) and gay saunas (33.5%). Nearly a quarter of men (23.6%) said they had used a mobile application like Grindr to meet sex partners.

Sexual health

As in previous surveys, in 2011 a higher proportion of HIV-positive men (92.6%) reported having any sexual health test (including a blood test for syphilis) compared with HIV-negative men (66.6%).

Since 2007, there have been significant overall increases in the proportions of HIV-positive and HIV-negative men reporting any STI test (not including blood tests). However, the proportion of HIV-negative men reporting any STI test fell significantly between 2010 and 2011.

In 2011, 85.3% of HIV-positive men and 54.8% of HIV-negative men reported a blood test for syphilis. The majority of HIV-positive and HIV-negative men reported testing for syphilis at their regular GP or a sexual health centre. More than two-thirds of all men were aware that syphilis can be symptomless (71.1%) and that it is transmissible through oral sex (68.4%). There appears to have been a significant decline in syphilis knowledge between 2010 and 2011.

Drug use

Recreational drug use was common within the sample, with the most frequently used drugs being amyl/poppers (35.4%), marijuana (27.6%), ecstasy (21.5%), Viagra (16.5%), speed/amphetamine (15.1%), cocaine (12.4%) and crystal methamphetamine (8.9%). However, over time the proportion of men who say they haven't used any drugs in the six months prior to the survey has increased significantly (to 46.9% of all men in 2011). In contrast, the proportion of men who say they have used drugs for sex has increased significantly (to 15.9% of all men in 2011).

In general, HIV-positive men remain more likely to report drug use compared with HIV-negative men. HIV-positive men have a disproportionately high rate of drug injection (15.3% in 2011) compared with HIV-negative men (2.5%), and this rate has been consistently higher over time. Rates of injecting drug use among all men have remained relatively stable during the reporting period.

Knowledge and use of PEP and PrEP

In 2011, more than half the participants reported that they knew post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) was available. While there has been an overall increase in PEP awareness over time, between 2010 and 2011 the proportion of men who knew that PEP was available declined significantly.

In 2011, questions were added to assess the use of anti-HIV (antiretroviral) drugs for prevention of HIV before and after unprotected sex — pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) and PEP. Unlike PEP, PrEP is not currently available in Australia through the health system. Twenty-eight men (1.6%) said they had used anti-HIV drugs before unprotected sex as PrEP and 61 men (3.5%) said they had used anti-HIV drugs as PEP.

Findings

Reporting

Data are shown for the period 2007–2011. Each table includes the statistical significance (*p*-value), if any, of the change between 2010 and 2011 and the trend over time (2007–2011). An alpha level of .05 was used for all statistical tests. In tables where there are mutually exclusive categories (shown on separate rows), the *p*-value of the chi-square test (if shown) indicates a statistically significant change within one or more of the categories between 2010 and 2011. A short commentary is given under some tables indicating in which category or categories a significant change has occurred. For statistically significant trends over time, the direction of the change (an increase or decrease) is indicated. Where there is no significant change, ns (non-significant) is shown. Please exercise caution in interpreting data where there are few reported cases (low numbers). Where there are low frequencies or data over time are not comparable, reporting of proportions may be misleading. In such cases, we have omitted percentages and did not perform statistical tests for changes over time; these cases are marked NA (not applicable). When data are missing or were not collected in a given year, this is indicated in the table by a dash (–).

Tables

The findings of the survey are presented in tables 1 to 32 below.

Table 1: Recruitment venue

	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (<i>p</i> -value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p-value)
Midsumma Carnival	1,362 (66.7)	1,317 (64.7)	1,432 (67.1)	1,637 (67.0)	1,228 (63.7)	\$0. > <i>d</i> ♦	ns
Sexual health clinics	74 (3.6)	95 (4,7)	91 (4.3)	155 (6.5)	45 (2.3)	ψ < .001	ns
Sex-on-premises venues	269 (13,2)	328 (16.1)	297 (13.9)	285 (11.7)	215 (11,2)	ns	\$\psi \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Social venues	338 (16.5)	296 (14.5)	315 (14.8)	365 (15.0)	441 (22.9)	↑ p < .001	$\uparrow p < .01$
Total	2,043 (100)	2,036 (100)	2,135 (100)	2,442 (100)	1,929 (100)		

Compared to the previous year, a smaller proportion of men was recruited from sexual health clinics. In the period 2007-2011, there was a significant increase in the proportion of men recruited from social venues, and a corresponding decrease in the proportion of men recruited at the sex-on-premises venues.

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Table 2: Age							
	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (p-value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p-value)
Under 25	362 (17.9)	370 (18.5)	380 (18.4)	467 (19.3)	352 (18.3)		
25–29	383 (19.0)	355 (17.7)	385 (18.7)	448 (18.5)	338 (17.6)		
30–39	596 (29.5)	613 (30.6)	614 (29.8)	648 (26.8)	545 (28.4)	NS	NS
40-49	434 (21.5)	411 (20.5)	437 (21.2)	543 (22.4)	423 (22.0)		
50 and over	243 (12.0)	253 (12.6)	245 (11.9)	318 (13.1)	263 (13,7)		
Total	2,018 (100)	2,002 (100)	2,061 (100)	2,425 (100)	1,921 (100)		

Table 3: HIV testing

B							
	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (p -value)	Trend over time χ^z test for trend (p -value)
All men							
Ever tested	1,787 (87.5)	1,798 (88.3)	1,880 (88.1)	2,093 (88.2)	1,656 (90.6)	↑ p < .05	4 c .05
Total	2,043 (100)	2,036 (100)	2,135 (100)	2,373 (100)	1,828 (100)		
Non-HIV-positive men							
Tested in the previous 12 months	1,110 (68.4)	1,125 (69.1)	1,193 (70.0)	1,302 (70.1)	1,034 (70.1)	SU	SU
Total	1,623 (100)	1,628 (100)	1,704 (100)	1,857 (100)	1,476 (100)		

Over the five surveys from 2007, the proportion of men reporting having 'ever' been tested has increased significantly. However, no significant change was observed in the proportion of non-HIV-positive men reporting recent testing for HIV during 2007–2011.

Findings

Table 4: HIV test results

	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (<i>p</i> -value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p-value)
HIV-positive	153 (8.6)	151 (8.4)	150 (8.0)	215 (10.3)	161 (9.7)		4 < .05
HIV-negative	1,519 (85.2)	1,543 (86.1)	1,563 (83.6)	1,803 (86.5)	1,454 (88.0)	NS	50. > d ↑
No results	110 (6.2)	98 (5.5)	156 (8.4)	66 (3.2)	38 (2.3)		10. > <i>q</i> ↓
Total	1,782 (100)	1,792 (100)	1,869 (100)	2,085 (100)	1,653 (100)		

In 2011, among those men who reported 'ever' being tested for HIV, the majority were HIV-negative (88.0%) with smaller proportions of HIV-positive (9.7%) and those whose HIV status was unknown (2.3%). Between 2007 and 2011, there was a significant increase in the proportion of men who were HIV-negative and a corresponding decline in the proportion of men of unknown HIV status.

Table 5: Likelihood of testing for HIV among non-HIV-positive men if rapid HIV testing were available, by location

	Home <i>n</i> (%)	Clinic/GP n (%)	Gay community organisation <i>n</i> (%)
Less likely	254 (14.4)	117 (6.6)	238 (13.5)
About the same	403 (22.8)	560 (31.7)	555 (31.4)
More likely	817 (46.3)	863 (48.9)	(87.8)

Men were most likely to say they would get tested for HIV more often if rapid testing was available at a clinic/GP (48.9%), followed by home-based testing (46.3%) and community-based testing (37.8%).

Table 6: Use of combination antiretroviral treatment among HIV-positive men

	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (p-value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend ($ ho$ -value)
On treatment	96 (64.0)	99 (65.1)	98 (67.6)	155 (74.5)	119 (76.7)	SU	↑ p < .05
Total	150 (100)	152 (100)	145 (100)	208 (100)	155 (100)		

Table 7: HIV viral load and combination antiretroviral treatment (ABT) use among HIV-positive men

Table 7: HIV viral load and combination antiretroviral treatment (ART) use among HIV-positive men	ombination antiretrovir	'al treatment (AHT)	. use among HIV-⊱	ositive men			
Detectable viral load	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (<i>p</i> -value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p -value)
Using ART	13 (13.5)	6 (6.1)	6 (6.1)	14 (9.0)	8 (6.7)	Ϋ́Z	Ϋ́
Total	96 (100)	98 (100)	98 (100)	155 (100)	119 (100)		
Not using ART	38 (70.4)	33 (64.7)	38 (80.9)	27 (50.9)	21 (58.3)	Ϋ́Z	NA
Total	54 (100)	51 (100)	47 (100)	53 (100)	36 (100)		

Table 8: Sexual relationships with men in the six months prior to the survey

			•				
	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (p-value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p -value)
None	321 (16.9)	317 (16.7)	372 (18.6)	ı	282 (15.6)		
Casual only	466 (24.6)	492 (25.9)	460 (23.0)	I	431 (23.9)	~	Š
Regular plus casual	570 (30.0)	582 (30.6)	602 (30.1)	ı	534 (29.6)	¥.	SII
Regular only (monogamous)	541 (28.5)	509 (26.8)	567 (28.3)	I	558 (30.9)		
Total	1,898 (100)	1,900 (100)	2,001 (100)	ı	1,805 (100)		
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A formatting error in the 2010 questionnaire produced unreliable data for this question.

Table 9: Agreements with regular male partners about sex within the relationship

	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test ($ ho$ -value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p-value)
No spoken agreement about anal intercourse/ no sex	657 (45.8)	672 (47.4)	757 (49.2)	I	536 (40.3)		
No anal intercourse permitted	76 (5.3)	76 (5.4)	78 (5.1)	Î	51 (3.8)		SU
Anal intercourse permitted only with a condom	309 (21.5)	287 (20.2)	290 (18.9)	I	328 (24.6)	₹Z	↑ p < .05
Anal intercourse permitted without a condom	394 (27.4)	384 (27.1)	413 (26.9)	I	417 (31.3)		↑ p < .05
Total	1,436 (100)	1,419 (100)	1,538 (100)	1	1,332 (100)		

A formatting error in the 2010 questionnaire produced unreliable data for this question,

Table 10: Agreements with regular male partners about sex outside the relationship

	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (p-value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p-value)
No spoken agreement about casual sex	730 (50.8)	738 (52.0)	870 (56.6)	ı	604 (45.4)		<i>t p</i> < .001
No sexual contact with casual partners permitted	346 (24.1)	305 (21.5)	323 (21.0)	I	340 (25.5)		NS
No anal intercourse with casual partners permitted	61 (4.3)	63 (4.4)	56 (3.6)	I	64 (4.8)	₹ Z	SU
Anal intercourse with casual partners permitted only with a condom	275 (19.2)	277 (19.5)	257 (16.7)	I	289 (21.7)		NS
Anal intercourse with casual partners permitted without a condom	24 (1.7)	36 (2.5)	32 (2.1)	L	35 (2.6)		↑ p < .01
Total	1,436 (100)	1,419 (100)	1,538 (100)	1	1,332 (100)		

A formatting error in the 2010 questionnaire produced unreliable data for this question.

Table 11: Match of HIV status between regular partners

	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (p -value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p -value)
HIV-positive participants							
Seroconcordant	34 (35.8)	46 (41.1)	34 (32.1)	82 (56.2)	54 (51.4)		↑p<.001
Serodiscordant	31 (32.6)	38 (33,9)	43 (40.6)	31 (21,2)	29 (27.6)	NS	50. > d↑
Serononconcordant	30 (31.6)	28 (25.0)	29 (27.4)	33 (22.6)	22 (21.0)		SU
Total	95 (100)	112 (100)	106 (100)	146 (100)	105 (100)		
HIV-negative participants							
Seroconcordant	608 (56.8)	591 (55.7)	662 (58.7)	617 (49.7)	775 (73.9)	↑ p < .001	↑ p < .001
Serodiscordant	45 (4.2)	42 (4.0)	49 (4.4)	33 (2.7)	48 (4.6)	$\uparrow p < .01$	ns
Serononconcordant	418 (39.0)	429 (40.4)	416 (36.9)	592 (47.7)	226 (21.5)	ψ < ,001	\$\dagger \rangle \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qqquad \qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
Total	1,071 (100)	1,062 (100)	1,127 (100)	1,242 (100)	1,049 (100)		

Among HIV-positive men who had regular partners in 2011, half (51.4%) were in a seroconcordant relationship and over a quarter (27.6%) were in a serodiscordant relationship. One in five (21.0%) said they were in a serononconcordant relationship.

Compared to HIV-positive men, more HIV-negative men with regular partners were in seroconcordant relationships (73.9%) with smaller proportions in serononconcordant (21.5%) or serodiscordant relationships (4.6%). Compared to 2010, the proportion of HIV-negative men in serononconcordant relationships increased significantly.

Table 12: Anal intercourse and condom use with regular partners

	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (p-value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p-value)
No anal intercourse	275 (19.2)	288 (20.3)	296 (19.3)	197 (12.1)	304 (22.8)	4 γ < .001	SU
Always uses a condom	458 (31.9)	414 (29.2)	424 (27.6)	442 (27.2)	336 (25.2)	SU	\$\dagger \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Sometimes does not use a condom	703 (49.0)	717 (50.5)	818 (53.2)	985 (60.7)	692 (52.0)	ψ < .001	↑ p < .001
Total	1,436 (100)	1,419 (100)	1,538 (100)	1,624 (100)	1,332 (100)		

Table 13: Unprotected anal intercourse with regular partners, by match of HIV status

	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (p-value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p -value)
HIV-positive men							
Seroconcordant-positive UAIR	25 (24.8)	36 (31.9)	24 (22.2)	68 (46.6)	43 (41 0)		↑p<.001
Not concordant UAIR	32 (31.7)	29 (25.7)	29 (26.9)	37 (25.3)	25 (23.8)	NS	SU
No UAIR	44 (43.6)	48 (42.5)	55 (50.9)	41 (28.1)	37 (35.2)		50'>d↑
Total	101 (100)	113 (100)	108 (100)	146 (100)	105 (100)		
HIV-negative men							
Seroconcordant-negative UAIR	360 (32.5)	366 (33.5)	437 (38.0)	421 (33.9)	430 (41.0)	↑ p < .001	↑ p < .001
Not concordant UAIR	186 (16.8)	203 (18.6)	202 (17.6)	331 (26.7)	120 (11.4)	<i>↓ p</i> < .001	SU
No UAIR	562 (50.7)	524 (47.9)	512 (44.5)	490 (39.5)	499 (47.6)	↑ p < .001	<i>↓ p</i> < .001
Total	1,108 (100)	1,093 (100)	1,151 (100)	1,242 (100)	1,049 (100)		

Unprotected anal intercourse with regular partners (UAIR) varied based on the HIV status of the partners. HIV-positive men with regular partners were more likely to have UAIR with a sercooncordant than nonsercooncordant regular partners (47.6%) reported having no unprotected anal intercourse with their regular partners.

Table 14: HIV-negative men who engaged in UAIR and always used risk-reduction strategies with partners who were not concordant

	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (p -value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p-value)
Took insertive position during UAIR	52 (28.0)	63 (31.0)	59 (29.2)	100 (30.2)	51 (42,5)	ns	SU
Partner withdrew before ejaculation when participant was receptive	44 (23.7)	46 (22.7)	54 (26.7)	55 (16.2)	24 (20.0)	ns	SU
Total (not mutually exclusive)	186	203	202	331	120		

Table 15: Anal intercourse and condom use with casual partners

	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (p-value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p-value)
No anal intercourse	340 (24.2)	302 (21.7)	350 (24.9)	338 (21.2)	264 (21.6)		SU
Always uses a condom	(669 (47.6)	671 (48.2)	600 (42.7)	704 (44.2)	537 (43.8)	NS	ψ > 0.01
Sometimes does not use a condom	396 (28.2)	420 (30.2)	455 (32,4)	550 (34.6)	424 (34.6)		↑ <i>p</i> < .001
Total	1,405 (100)	1,393 (100)	1,405 (100)	1,592 (100)	1,225 (100)		

Use of condoms for anal intercourse remains more common among casual partners than regular partners. In 2011, over one-third of men reported any unprotected anal intercourse with casual partners (34.6%) and this rate has increased significantly over time.

Table 16: Any unprotected anal intercourse with casual partners, by HIV status of participants

	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (<i>p</i> -value)	Trend over time $\chi^{^2}$ test for trend ($ ho$ -value)
HIV-positive men	69 (54.3)	70 (57.4)	73 (57.9)	101 (60.1)	85 (66.4)	SU	SU
Total	127 (100)	122 (100)	126 (100)	168 (100)	128 (100)		
HIV-negative men	266 (25.2)	297 (27.4)	314 (30.0)	376 (31.2)	291 (30.7)	SU	10 < 0.01
Total	1,056 (100)	1,083 (100)	1,048 (100)	1,204 (100)	948 (100)		

Table 17: Disclosure of HIV status to or from any casual partners, by HIV status of participants

:	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test ($ ho$ -value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p -value)
HIV-positive men							
Told casual partners 82	82 (64.6)	80 (65.6)	88 (69.8)	119 (70.8)	103 (80.5)	SU	7 p < .05
Told <i>by</i> casual partners 67	67 (52.8)	75 (61.5)	73 (57.9)	(6'85) 66	81 (63.3)	ns	SU
Total (not mutually exclusive) 127	7:	122	126	168	128		
HIV-negative men							
Told casual partners 383	383 (36.3)	471 (43.5)	468 (44.7)	574 (47.7)	497 (52,4)	$\Delta p < 0.05$	↑ p < .001
Told <i>by</i> casual partners	369 (34.9)	469 (43.3)	474 (45.2)	585 (48.6)	496 (52.3)	ns	↑ p < .001
Total (not mutually exclusive) 1,056	9:	1,083	1,048	1,204	948		

Table 18: Consistent disclosure of HIV status to casual partners with whom men engaged in unprotected anal intercourse, by HIV status of participants

	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (p-value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p-value)
HIV-positive men	14 (20.3)	23 (32.9)	26 (35.6)	38 (37.6)	34 (40.0)	ns	SU
Total	(100)	70 (100)	73 (100)	101 (100)	85 (100)		
HIV-negative men	63 (23.7)	68 (22.9)	72 (22.9)	112 (29.8)	79 (27.2)	NS	SU
Total	266 (100)	297 (100)	314 (100)	376 (100)	291 (100)		

Table 19: Positioning in unprotected anal intercourse with casual male partners, by HIV status of participants

	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (p-value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p-value)
HIV-positive men							
Receptive only UAIC	12 (17,4)	11 (15.7)	15 (20.6)	21 (20.8)	12 (14.1)	ns	ns
Total	(100)	70 (100)	73 (100)	101 (100)	85 (100)		
HIV-negative men							
Insertive only UAIC	82 (30.8)	100 (33.7)	104 (33.1)	133 (35.4)	97 (33.3)	ns	SU
Total	266 (100)	297 (100)	314 (100)	376 (100)	291 (100)		

Table 20: Men who engaged in UAIC in the last six months who always used risk reduction strategies, by HIV status of participants

	2011 n (%)
HIV-positive men	
Ensured partners were seroconcordant before UAIC (serosorting)	30 (35.3)
Took receptive position during UAIC when partners were not concordant	4 (4.7)
Participant withdrew before ejaculation when he was insertive	3 (3.5)
Partner withdrew before ejaculation when participant was receptive	4 (4.7)
Total (not mutually exclusive)	85
HIV-negative men	
Ensured partners were seroconcordant before UAIC (serosorting)	73 (25.1)
Took insertive position during UAIC when partners were not concordant	33 (11.3)
Participant withdrew before ejaculation when he was insertive	22 (7.6)
Partner withdrew before ejaculation when participant was receptive	33 (11.3)
Total (not mutually exclusive)	291

Table 21: Where men met their male sex partners in the six months prior to the survey

	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (p -value)
Internet	984 (40.3)	772 (40.0)	ns
Mobile app e.g. Grindr	I	456 (23.6)	ΝΑ
Gay bar	907 (37.1)	669 (34.7)	NS
Dance party	439 (18.0)	270 (14.0)	$\downarrow p < .01$
Gym	170 (7.0)	119 (6.2)	NS
Beat	417 (17.1)	311 (16.1)	SU
Gay sauna	869 (35.6)	646 (33.5)	SU
Other sex venues	421 (17.2)	320 (16.6)	SU
Private sex parties	195 (8.0)	138 (7.2)	ns
In other Australian cities	581 (23.8)	396 (20.5)	$\downarrow p < .01$
Elsewhere in Australia	383 (15.7)	302 (15.7)	NS
Overseas	518 (21.1)	360 (18.7)	90' > d↑
Total (not mutually exclusive)	2,442	1,929	

In 2010 the question changed from where men looked for sex partners to how often they had sex with men they met at those places. The category 'Mobile app' was added in 2011.

Table 22: Place attended for last syphilis test

HIV-positive men Regular GP Another GP Sexual health clinic HIV clinic			
Regular GP Another GP Sexual health clinic HIV clinic			
Another GP Sexual health clinic HIV clinic	139 (66.8)	96 (62.8)	
Sexual health clinic HIV clinic	3 (1.4)	0	
HIV clinic	34 (16.4)	38 (24.7)	NS
	32 (15.4)	19 (12.4)	
Nevel lested/doll Kilow	0	1 (0.7)	
Total	208 (100)	154 (100)	
HIV-negative men			
Regular GP	821 (54.4)	623 (53.8)	
Another GP	71 (4.7)	84 (7.3)	
Sexual health clinic	560 (37.1)	415 (35.8)	NS
HIV clinic	47 (3.1)	29 (2.5)	
Never tested/don't know	10 (0.6)	8 (0.7)	
Total	1,509 (100)	1,159 (100)	

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Table 23: Knowledge about syphilis

	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (p-value)
Aware that syphilis can have no physical symptoms	1,874 (76.7)	1,874 (76.7) 1,371 (71.1)	+ po, 001
Aware that syphilis can be transmitted through oral sex	1,790 (73.3)	1,320 (68.4)	\$\dagger \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Total (not mutually exclusive)	2,442	1,929	

Table 24: STI testing among HIV-positive men	sitive men						
	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (p-value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p -value)
Anal swab	87 (56.1)	96 (62.3)	94 (62.7)	133 (61.3)	110 (67.5)	NS	SU
Throat swab	85 (54.8)	97 (63.0)	104 (69.3)	131 (60.4)	112 (68.7)	ns	$\uparrow p < .05$
Penile swab	70 (45.2)	67 (43.5)	66 (44.0)	103 (47.5)	90 (55.2)	ns	NS
Urine sample	94 (60.6)	103 (66.9)	104 (69.3)	160 (73.7)	134 (82.2)	ns	$\uparrow p < .001$
Blood test for syphilis	I	ı	I	180 (83.0)	139 (85.3)	NS	NA
Blood test other than for HIV	117 (75.5)	108 (70.1)	122 (81.3)	172 (79.3)	136 (83.4)	NS	↑ p < .05
Any STI test (not including blood tests)	109 (70.3)	111 (72.1)	116 (77.3)	166 (76.5)	141 (86.5)	↑ p < .05	↑ p < .01
Any STI test (including blood tests)	I	I	I	201 (92,6)	151 (92.6)	ns	NA
Total (not mutually exclusive)	155	154	150	217	163		

From 2010, the item 'Blood test for syphilis' was added and was subsequently included in the calculation for any STI test (including blood tests).

As in previous surveys, in 2011 a high proportion of HIV-positive men (92.6%) reported having had any sexual health test (including a blood test for syphilis). Since 2007, there has been a significant increase in the proportion of HIV-positive men reporting any STI test (not including blood tests).

Findings

Table 25: STI testing among HIV-negative men

	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (<i>p</i> -value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p-value)
Anal swab	589 (38.5)	635 (40.9)	637 (40.3)	827 (45.4)	626 (42.7)	ns	↑ p < .001
Throat swab	666 (43.5)	688 (44.3)	701 (44.4)	894 (49.1)	681 (46.5)	SU	$\uparrow p < .01$
Penile swab	523 (34.2)	530 (34.2)	493 (31.2)	696 (38,2)	529 (36.1)	NS	$\uparrow \rho < .01$
Urine sample	775 (50.7)	838 (54.0)	830 (52.6)	1,077 (59.2)	801 (54.6)	$\phi > 0.01$	$\uparrow p < .001$
Blood test for syphilis	I	ı	I	1,135 (62.4)	803 (54.8)	<i>↓ p</i> < .001	NA
Blood test other than for HIV	809 (52.9)	812 (52.3)	858 (54.3)	1,034 (56.8)	747 (51.0)	\$\rho \ > \dots \	NS
Any STI test (not including blood tests)	845 (55.2)	889 (57.3)	886 (56.1)	1,140 (62.6)	838 (57.2)	t0. > α ↓	4 < .05
Any STI test (including blood tests)	I	I	I	1,321 (72,6)	976 (66.6)	<i>↓ p</i> < .001	AN
Total (not mutually exclusive)	1,530	1,552	1,579	1,820	1,466		

From 2010, the question 'Blood test for syphilis' was added and was subsequently included in the calculation for any STI test (including blood tests).

The proportion of HIV-negative men reporting any STI test (not including blood tests) declined significantly between 2010 and 2011 although the proportion has increased significantly over time. Blood tests for syphilis were the most common type of STI test reported by HIV-negative men in 2011.

Table 26: If participants were diagnosed with an STI, how many of their sex partners did they inform?

	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (p-value)
None	358 (14.7)	243 (12.6)	
A few	94 (3.9)	82 (4.3)	
Some	82 (3.4)	55 (2.9)	NS
All	175 (7.2)	145 (7.5)	
Not diagnosed/don't know	1,733 (71.0)	1,404 (72.8)	
Total	2,442 (100)	1,929 (100)	

Table 27: Recreational drug use among all men in the six months prior to the survey

	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (p-value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p-value)
Marijuana	664 (32.5)	623 (30.6)	650 (30.4)	730 (29.9)	533 (27.6)	ns	\$0' > d↑
Amyl	698 (34.2)	696 (34.2)	728 (34.1)	941 (38.5)	682 (35.4)	50, > q ↓	$\uparrow \rho < .01$
Ecstasy	666 (32.6)	590 (29.0)	630 (29.5)	730 (30.0)	414 (21.5)	\$\dagger \ \ \dagger \ \dagger \ \dagger \dag	<i>p</i> < .001
Amphetamine (speed)	425 (20.8)	332 (16.3)	386 (18.1)	401 (16.4)	291 (15.1)	SU	ψ > 001
Crystal methamphetamine	215 (10.5)	178 (8.7)	196 (9.2)	194 (7.9)	172 (8.9)	ns	NS
Viagra	283 (13.9)	261 (12.8)	324 (15.2)	392 (16.1)	319 (16.5)	ns	$\uparrow \rho < .01$
Cocaine	285 (14.0)	232 (11.4)	296 (13.9)	358 (14.7)	239 (12.4)	50. > <i>q</i> ♦	\$0' > d↑
Ketamine (Special K)	206 (10.1)	163 (8.0)	128 (6.0)	197 (8.1)	116 (6.0)	ψ < .01	ψ < .001
TSD OST	100 (4.9)	104 (5.1)	98 (4.6)	175 (7.2)		AN	↑ <i>p</i> < .001
GHB	113 (5.5)	108 (5.3)	111 (5.2)	160 (6.6)	125 (6.5)	ns	ns
Heroin	37 (1.8)	22 (1.1)	23 (1.1)	32 (1.3)	22 (1.1)	ns	NS
Meow Meow	I	I	I	ı	53 (2.8)	N A	NA
Steroids	35 (1.7)	38 (1.9)	39 (1.8)	36 (1.5)	l	NA	NS
Other drugs	129 (6.3)	105 (5.2)	106 (5.0)	163 (6.7)	162 (8.4)	4 c .05	↑ p < .001
Total (not mutually exclusive)	2,043	2,036	2,135	2,442	1,929		
Number of drugs used							
None	822 (40.2)	880 (43.2)	918 (43.0)	976 (40.0)	904 (46.9)	↑ p < .001	↑ p < .001
One or two drugs	629 (30.8)	631 (31.0)	634 (29.7)	788 (32.3)	551 (28.6)	ns	NS
More than two drugs	592 (29.0)	525 (25.8)	583 (27.3)	678 (27.8)	474 (24.6)	50, > q ↓	50. > d ↑
Total	2,043 (100)	2,036 (100)	2,135 (100)	2,442 (100)	1,929 (100)		

Use of steroids and LSD was not asked in 2011 while the use of Meow Meow was added.

Over time, the proportion of men reporting not having used recreational drugs in the last six months has increased significantly.

Table 28: Recreational drug use among HIV-positive men in the six months prior to the survey

	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (p -value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p-value)
Marijuana	76 (49.0)	82 (53.3)	75 (50.0)	94 (43.3)	56 (34.6)	SU	ψ > 01
Amyl	90 (58.1)	90 (58.4)	(0.09) 06	127 (58.5)	90 (55.2)	SU	SU
Ecstasy	59 (38.1)	65 (42.2)	52 (34.7)	85 (39.2)	44 (27.0)	50' > d↑	50. > <i>d</i> ↓
Amphetamine (speed)	44 (28.4)	35 (22.7)	33 (22.0)	51 (23.5)	29 (17.8)	SU	SU
Crystal methamphetamine	36 (23.2)	36 (23.4)	37 (24.7)	45 (20.7)	41 (25.2)	SU	SU
Viagra	49 (31.6)	54 (35.1)	54 (36.0)	84 (38.7)	68 (41.7)	SU	↑ p < .05
Total (not mutually exclusive)	155	154	150	217	163		
Number of drugs used							
None	35 (22.6)	31 (20.1)	20 (13,3)	44 (20,3)	46 (28.2)		
One or two drugs	53 (34.2)	42 (27.3)	62 (41.3)	80 (36.9)	49 (30.1)	NS	SU
More than two drugs	67 (43.2)	81 (52.6)	68 (45.3)	93 (42.9)	68 (41.7)		
Total	155 (100)	154 (100)	150 (100)	217 (100)	163 (100)		

Table 29: Recreational drug use among HIV-negative men in the six months prior to the survey

	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (p -value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p-value)
Marijuana	492 (32.2)	469 (30.2)	449 (28.4)	524 (28.8)	405 (27.6)	SU	SU
Amyl	529 (34.6)	541 (34.9)	535 (33.9)	707 (38.9)	526 (36.6)	SU	SU
Ecstasy	513 (33.5)	463 (29.8)	477 (30.2)	561 (30.8)	334 (22.8)	<i>↓ p</i> < .001	\$\psi \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Amphetamine (speed)	319 (20.8)	261 (16.8)	281 (17.8)	307 (16.9)	232 (15.8)	SU	SU
Crystal methamphetamine	147 (9.6)	129 (8.3)	131 (8.3)	124 (6.8)	118 (8.1)	SU	ns
Viagra	196 (12.8)	189 (12.2)	230 (14.6)	281 (15.4)	234 (16.0)	SU	4 c .05
Total (not mutually exclusive)	1,530	1,552	1,579	1,820	1,466		
Number of drugs used							
None	597 (39.0)	659 (42.5)	686 (43.5)	713 (39.2)	664 (45.3)	↑ p < .001	↑ p.001
One or two drugs	484 (31.6)	491 (31.6)	474 (30.0)	603 (33.1)	437 (29.8)	SU	NS
More than two drugs	449 (29.4)	402 (25.9)	419 (26.5)	504 (27.7)	365 (24.9)	SU	ns
Total	1,530 (100)	1,552 (100)	1,579 (100)	1,820 (100)	1,466 (100)		

Table 30: Injecting drug use in the six months prior to the survey, by HIV status of participants

	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (<i>p</i> -value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p-value)
All men Total	96 (4.7) 2.043 (100)	95 (4.7) 2.036 (100)	107 (5.0) 2.135 (100)	92 (3.8) 2.442 (100)	75 (3.9) 1.929 (100)	SU	SU
HIV-positive men Total	24 (15.5) 155 (100)	27 (17.5) 154 (100)	22(14.7) 150 (100)	26 (12.0) 217 (100)	25 (15.3) 163 (100)	SL	SI
HIV-negative men Total	54 (3.5) 1,530 (100)	51 (3.3) 1,552 (100)	69 (4.4) 1,579 (100)	49 (2.7) 1,820 (100)	36 (2.5) 1,466 (100)	NS	SU

Table 31: Party drug use and group sex in the six months prior to the survey

	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (p -value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p-value)
Used party drugs for sex	167 (8.2)	159 (7.8)	161 (7.5)	198 (8.1)	306 (15.9)	↑ p < .001	↑ p < ,001
Engaged in group sex during or after drug use	264 (12.9)	250 (12.3)	343 (16.1)	295 (12.1)	196 (10.2)	SU	\$\langle \tag{\langle}\$\$.001
Total (not mutually exclusive)	2,043	2,036	2,135	2,442	1,929		

Since 2007, there has been a significant increase in the proportion of men reporting having used party drugs for sex. In 2011, one in ten men (10.2%) said they had engaged in group sex during or after drug use.

Table 32: Knowledge that post-exposure prophylaxis is available

	2007 n (%)	2008 n (%)	2009 n (%)	2010 n (%)	2011 n (%)	Change from 2010 χ^2 test (<i>p</i> -value)	Trend over time χ^2 test for trend (p-value)
All men	1,080 (52.9)	1	1,316 (61.6)	1,523 (62.4)	1,101 (57.1)	\$\delta \ \rangle \ \delta \delta \ \d	↑ p < .001
Total	2,043 (100)	ĺ	2,135 (100)	2,442 (100)	1,929 (100)		
Non-HIV-positive men	961 (50.9)	Ì	1,183 (59.6)	1,342 (60.3)	964 (54.6)	<i>↓ p</i> < .001	↑ p < .001
Total	1,888 (100)	ı	1,985 (100)	2,225 (100)	1,767 (100)		

In 2008, this question was not included.

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Melbourne Gay Community Periodic Survey 2011

Conducted by













This is a survey of sexual practices of men who have had sex with another man in the last five years. This survey is completely anonymous — please do not write your name on the questionnaire.

Your responses are very important, they provide valuable information that assists in HIV health promotion efforts. PLEASE COMPLETE THE SURVEY ONCE ONLY.

Section A – About you	Section B – Your sex partners
1. How many of your friends are gay or homosexual men? 1 None 2 A few 3 Some 4 Most 5 All	In this survey we distinguish between REGULAR (boyfriend/lover) and CASUAL partners
2. How much of your free time is spent with gay or homosexual men?	11. Do you currently have sex with casual male partners? ¹ No ² Yes
¹ None ² A little ³ Some ⁴ A lot 3. Do you think of yourself as:	12. Do you currently have sex with a regular male partner? ¹ □ No ² □ Yes
¹☐ Gay/Homosexual ²☐ Bisexual ³☐ Heterosexual	13. How would you describe your sexual relationship with your current regular male partner? (choose one)
4 Other (please specify) 4. How old are you? Years	
5. Are you of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin? ¹ No ² Yes	⁴ My partner has casual sex with other men but I do not ⁵ I have several regular male partners ⁶ No current regular male partner → Go to Section C→
6. What is your ethnic background? (e.g. Dutch, Greek, Vietnamese, Lebanese)	14. If you are in a regular relationship with a man, for how long has it been?
¹ Anglo-Australian Other (specify)	¹∐Less than 6 months ²⊡6–11 months
7. Where do you live? Postcode OR	³□1–2 years ⁴□More than 2 years
Suburb/Town Suburb/Town	⁵ ☐Not in a regular relationship with a man
8. Are you: ¹☐Employed full-time ⁴☐A student	15. Do you have a clear (spoken) agreement with your regular partner about anal sex (fucking) within your relationship? ¹ □ No agreement
² ☐Employed part-time ³ ☐On pension/social security ⁶ ☐Other	² □Agreement: No sex at all ³ □Agreement: No anal sex at all
9. What is your occupation? (e.g. bartender, teacher, welder)	⁴ □Agreement: All anal sex is with a condom ⁵ □Agreement: Anal sex can be without a condom
(specify)	16. Do you have a clear (spoken) agreement with your regular partner about sex with casual partners ?
10. What is the highest level of education you have had?	¹ ☐No agreement
¹ ☐Less than or up to 3 years of high school / Year 10	² ☐ Agreement: No sex at all
² ☐Year 12 / HSC / SACE / TEE / VCE	³ ☐ Agreement: No anal sex at all
³☐Tertiary diploma or trade certificate / TAFE	⁴ ☐ Agreement: All anal sex is with a condom
⁴ University degree or CAE Go to section B ₹	⁵ □Agreement: Anal sex can be without a condom Go to section C →

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Section C – Sex in the last 6 months			27. I fucked him wit	hout a condom but p	ulled out before I came.	
17. How many different months?	t <i>men</i> have you had	sex with in the	last 6	¹□Never	² Occasionally	³ □Often
¹□None	_	☐More than 50) men	28. He fucked me w came.	vithout a condom but	pulled out before he
	⁵∐11–20 men			¹□Never	² Occasionally	³ □Often
³ □2–5 men	⁶ □21-50 men			29. I fucked him wit	hout a condom and o	came inside.
18. In the last 6 month men you met at or t		ou had sex with		¹□Never	² Occasionally	³□Often
	Never	Occasionally	Often	30. He fucked me w	vithout a condom and	came inside.
Internet	1	2 2	3 <u> </u>	¹□Never	² Occasionally	³ □Often
Mobile app e.g. Grind Gay bar	1 1 1	2	3 □	Section E Co	sual male partners	last 6 months
Dance party	1	2□	3 □		ny sex with any casua	
Gym	1□	2□	3	in the last 6 mo		ii male partilei/3
Beat	1	2□	3	¹□Yes	² □No → Go t	to section F ->
Gay sauna	1	2□	3	<u> </u>		
Other sex venue	1 🗆	2□	3	In the last 6	MONTHS which of t	he following have you
Sex workers	1	2□	3	done with any	y of your CASUAL r	nale partner/s?
Private sex parties	1 🗆	2□	3	Oral sex casual	nartnar/s:	
In other Australian cit	.=	2	3			
Elsewhere in Australia	.=-	2□	3		k but he did NOT com	_*
Overseas	u ⊔ 1□	2	3	¹ LJNever	² Occasionally	³ □Often
0.10.0000				33 He sucked my c	ock but I did NOT con	ne in his mouth
19 in the last 6 month		ı have group sex	(¹□Never	² Occasionally	³□Often
involving at least tv	_			Пислеі	— Occasionally	□ Oiteii
¹□Every Week	³∐Once / A	few times		34. I sucked his coc	k and he came in my	mouth.
² ☐Month l y	⁴□Never	Go to section	n D J	¹□Never	² Occasionally	³ □Often
Section D – Regu	ar ma l e partners	·		-	ock and I came in his	mouth.
20. Have you had sex	with regular male pa	– l ast 6 mont		35. He sucked my c	cock and I came in his	mouth. ³□Often
20. Have you had sex of in the last 6 month	with regular ma l e pa hs?	– last 6 mont artner/s		-	² Occasionally	. —
20. Have you had sex in the last 6 month	with regular ma l e pa hs?	– l ast 6 mont		¹ □Never Anal sex casual 36. I fucked him wit	² ☐ Occasionally partner/s: h a condom.	³ □Often
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ii you nave not nac	i ally allal	SEX WILLIOUL &	CONCON	Willi Casuai i	naie partners, go to	Section F	
44. In the last 6 months, if yo getting or passing on HIV?		sex without a c	condom wit	h any casual r	nale partner(s), did yo	u do any of the	following to avoid
I made sure we were the same without a condom	e HIV statu	s before we fu	cked	¹☐ Never	² Occasionally	³☐ Often	⁴□ Always
I chose to take the top role (I fucked him) because his HIV status was different or unknown to me		¹☐ Never	² Occasionally	³☐ Often	⁴ □ Always		
I chose to take the bottom role (he fucked me) because his HIV status was different or unknown to me		¹☐ Never	² Occasionally	³ ☐ Often	⁴□ Always		
When I fucked him, I chose to pull out before cumming because his HIV status was different or unknown to me		¹□ Never	² Occasionally	³☐ Often	⁴ □ Always		
When he fucked me, I made sure he pulled out before cumming because his HIV status was different or unknown to me		¹☐ Never	² Occasionally	³☐ Often	⁴ ☐ Always		
Go to section F Ψ							
Section F – HIV testing				If you	u are HIV-positive	please comple	ete
45. Have you ever had an HIV	•	est?		the r	next three questions	. If not, go to	section G →
¹□No	² □Yes			51 When	were you first diagnos	end as HIV-nosi	itive?
46. When were you last tested	for HIV an	tibodies?				ica as i ii v-pos	uvo:
¹□Never tested 5□7–12 months ago		Year L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L					
² ☐Less than a week ago ⁶ ☐1–2 years ago		52. Are you on combination antiretroviral therapy?					
³ □1–4 weeks ago	⁷ □2–4	years ago		²□Ye:	3	∐No	
⁴ □1–6 months ago	⁸ □Mor	e than 4 years	ago	53 . What v	was your last viral load	d test?	
			-		detectable	. 1001.	
47. Based on the results of you what is your HIV status?	ur HIV antil	oody tests,			tectable		
¹ ☐ No test/Don't know					n't know / unsure	,	Ca ta anatian C N
² ☐ Negative					ii t know / unsure	S	Go to section G →
_ `							
³ ∐Positive							
48. Rapid HIV tests can provid could have a rapid test in t more or less likely to get te	he following	g places would					
	Less	About the	More				
	likely	same	likely				
At home	¹∐ -	2	3 📗				
At a clinic/GP	1	2	3				
Through a gay community organisation	1	2	3				
49. If you have a regular partn HIV antibody test?	er, do you l	know the result	of his				
¹ □ Positive	² □Negat	tive					
³□I don't know/He hasn't	had a test						
50. If your regular partner is H load test?	IV positive,	what was his I	ast viral				
¹ ☐ Undetectable							

The following questions are for men who have had <u>any anal sex without a condom</u> with casual male partner(s) in the last 6 months.

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² ☐ Detectable ³ ☐ Don't know / unsure

Section G – STI testing	Section I – Drug use
54. Which of these sexual health tests have you had in the last 12 months?	61. How often have you used these drugs in the last 6 months? Once/ At least Every
None Once Twice 3 or more Anal swab 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □ Throat swab 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □ Penile swab 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □ Urine sample 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □ Blood test for HIV 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □ Blood test for syphilis 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □ Other blood test 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □	Never Vivice Monthly Week
55. Where did you go the last time you had a syphilis test?	Ketamine
5 Never tested 56. Were you aware that someone could have syphilis without any physical symptoms? ¹☐Yes, I was aware ²☐No, I wasn't aware 57. Were you aware you could get syphilis through oral sex? ¹☐Yes, I was aware ²☐No, I wasn't aware 58. If you were diagnosed with a sexually transmitted infection in the last 12 months, how many of your sex partners did you tell about your diagnosis? ¹☐None ²☐A few ³☐Some ⁴☐AII ⁵☐Not been diagnosed with an STI in the last 12 months Go to section H ▼ Section H — PEP and PREP	62. How often have you injected drugs in the last 6 months? 1 Every week 3 Once or twice 2 At least monthly 4 Never 63. In the last 6 months, how often have you used party drugs for the purpose of sex? 1 Every week 3 Once or twice 2 At least monthly 4 Never 64. In the last 6 months, how often have you had group sex after or while using party drugs? 1 Every week 3 Once or twice 2 At least monthly 4 Never
59. What do you know about post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP)? ¹☐It's readily available now ²☐It will be available in the future ³☐I've never heard about it If you are HIV-positive you can skip the next question and go to section I □	The survey concludes here. Thank you for your time. As this survey is anonymous, feedback cannot be provided directly. Please check the NCHSR and VAC/GMHC websites for the results of this survey. http://nchsr.arts.unsw.edu.au
60. In the last 6 months, have you taken any anti-HIV medication to prevent HIV infection: Before anal sex without a condom After anal sex without a condom	http://www.vicaids.asn.au
e.g. PEP ¹ Yes ² No	

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